U.S. Serial No.: 10/712,419 Filed: November 12, 2003

Page 2 of 10

Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of the claims in the application.

Claims Listing

1. (Currently Amended) A method for detecting, isolating or purifying an organism a bacteria comprising:

placing a sample in contact with a device, wherein at least a portion of the device comprises a plurality of zones, wherein at least one zone is a detection zone capable of being separated separable from said plurality of zones and the remainder of the device; wherein the detection zone comprises an immobilized binding partner for an analyte and wherein binding between the immobilized binding partner and a suspected analyte causes formation of a an optically detectable signal and detection of the signal indicates the presence of a suspected analyte in the sample;

separating at least part of the detection zone containing the bound analyte and immobilized binding partner from said plurality of zones and the remainder of the device; and

analyzing the separated detection zone containing the bound analyte and immobilized binding partner without detaching the bound analyte from the immobilized binding partner to provide information regarding the suspected analyte; and

wherein the analyte is an organism a bacteria.

- 2. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the device is a lateral flow device.
- 3. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the information identifies the suspected analyte.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the information describes one or more characteristics of the suspected analyte.

U.S. Serial No.: 10/712,419 Filed: November 12, 2003

Page 3 of 10

5. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, further comprising:

placing the separated detection zone containing the bound analyte and immobilized binding partner in conditions effective to cause the quantity of the suspected analyte to increase.

- 6. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein analyzing the separated detection zone containing the bound analyte and immobilized binding partner comprises placing the separated detection zone containing the bound analyte and immobilized binding partner on or in a selective growth medium in which the analyte will proliferate if present.
- 7. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the method further comprises storing the device without further processing for up to five days after placing the sample in contact with the device and before separating the detection zone containing the bound analyte and immobilized binding partner from the plurality of zones and the remainder of the device.

8. (Cancelled)

- 9. (Currently Amended) A kit for performing the method of Claim 1, comprising a device; wherein at least a portion of the device comprises a plurality of zones, wherein at least one zone is a detection zone; wherein the detection zone comprises an immobilized binding partner for an analyte, and wherein the detection zone is separable capable of being separated from said the plurality of zones and the remainder of the device and, wherein the separated detection zone is analyzed to provide information regarding the bound analyte; and wherein the analyte is an a bacteria organism.
- 10. (Currently Amended) A device <u>for detecting bacteria</u>, wherein at least a portion of the device comprises a plurality of zones, wherein at least one zone is a detection zone capable of being separated separable from said plurality of zones and the remainder of the device; wherein the detection zone comprises an immobilized binding partner for an analyte and wherein binding between the immobilized binding partner and a suspected

U.S. Serial No.: 10/712,419 Filed: November 12, 2003

Page 4 of 10

analyte causes formation of a an optically detectable signal in the detection zone, and

wherein the device comprises structural features that facilitate separation of the detection

zone containing the bound analyte and the immobilized binding partner or a part of the

detection zone containing the bound analyte and the immobilized binding partner from the

plurality of zones and the remainder of the device, wherein said separated detection zone or

part thereof can be analyzed to provide information regarding the bound analyte; and

wherein the analyte is a bacteria an organism.

11. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the analyte further

comprises a food or environmental contaminant.

12. (Cancelled)

13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the analyte is a

pathogen.

14. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 26, wherein the device is a lateral

flow device.

15. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 26, wherein the information

identifies the suspected analyte.

16. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 26 wherein the information

describes one or more characteristics of the suspected analyte.

17-19 (Cancelled)

20. (Previously Presented) The device of Claim 10, wherein the device is a lateral

flow device.

US2000 9546240.2

U.S. Serial No.: 10/712,419 Filed: November 12, 2003

Page 5 of 10

21. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 1, wherein analyzing the separated

detection zone containing the bound analyte and immobilized binding partner to provide

information regarding the suspected analyte comprises analyzing the separated detection

zone containing the bound analyte and immobilized binding partner using a strip test binding

assay, an agglutination assay, a DNA polymerase chain reaction test, a motility test, a

toxicology test, and serotyping.

22. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein analyzing the

separated detection zone containing the bound analyte and immobilized binding partner to

provide information regarding the suspected analyte comprises analyzing the separated

detection zone containing the bound analyte and immobilized binding partner using a DNA

polymerase chain reaction test.

23. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein analyzing the

separated detection zone containing the bound analyte and immobilized binding partner to

provide information regarding the suspected analyte comprises analyzing the separated

detection zone containing the bound analyte and immobilized binding partner using selective

media or selective agar plating.

24. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the analyte is

Escherichia coli, Salmonella or Listeria.

25. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 24, wherein the analyte is

Escherichia coli O157.

26. (Currently Amended) A method for detecting, isolating or concentrating an

organism a bacteria by placing a sample containing the bacteria under conditions effective to

cause proliferation, replication or reproduction of the bacteria comprising:

placing a sample in contact with a device, wherein at least a portion of the

device comprises a plurality of zones, wherein at least one zone is a detection zone capable

US2000 9546240.2

U.S. Serial No.: 10/712,419 Filed: November 12, 2003

Page 6 of 10

of being separated from said plurality of zones and the remainder of the device; wherein the detection zone comprises an immobilized binding partner for an analyte and wherein binding between the immobilized binding partner and a suspected analyte causes formation of a <u>an optically</u> detectable signal and detection of the signal indicates the presence of a suspected analyte in the sample;

separating at least part of the detection zone containing the bound analyte and immobilized binding partner from said plurality of zones and the remainder of the device; and

subjecting the separated detection zone to conditions effective to cause proliferation, replication or reproduction of the analyte; and wherein the analyte is an organism a bacteria.

- 27. (Cancelled)
- 28. (Cancelled)
- 29. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 1, wherein the <u>optically</u> detectable signal is a <u>visually detectable light</u> signal.
- 30. (Currently Amended) The device of <u>claim Claim 10</u>, wherein the <u>optically</u> detectable signal in the detection zone is a <u>visually detectable light</u> signal.